
1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Identification of the preparation

Product Name: "Ansul 3% Regular Protein Foam Concentrate – Low Temperature"
Chemical Name: N/A – This is a mixture/preparation.
CAS No.: N/A – This is a mixture/preparation.
Chemical Formula: N/A – This is a mixture/preparation.
EINECS Number: N/A – This is a mixture/preparation.

1.2. Use of the preparation

The intended or recommended use of this preparation is as a FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT.

1.3. Company identification

Manufacturer/Supplier: ANSUL INCORPORATED
Address: One Stanton Street, Marinette, WI 54143-2542
Prepared by: Safety and Health Department
Phone: 715-735-7411
Internet/Home Page: <http://www.ansul.com>
Date of Issue: September, 2009

1.4. Emergency telephone

CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 2.1.** Ingredient Name: Proprietary mixture of protein hydrolysate, glycol solvents, inorganic salts, and water.
Not otherwise specified.
- Chemical Formula: N/A – This is a mixture/preparation.
CAS No.: N/A – This is a mixture/preparation.
EINECS Number: N/A – This is a mixture/preparation.
Concentration, Wt %: >70 %.
Hazard Identification: See Heading 3.
- Ingredient Name: Ethylene Glycol (a).
Chemical Formula: HOCH₂CH₂OH.
CAS No.: 107-21-1.
EINECS Number: 203-473-3.
Concentration, Wt %: 13 %.
Hazard Identification: See Heading 3.
- Ingredient Name: Hexylene Glycol (2-Methylpentane-2,4-diol).
Chemical Formula: C₆H₁₄O₂.
CAS No.: 107-41-5.
EINECS Number: 203-489-0.
Concentration, Wt %: 17 %.
Hazard Identification: See Heading 3.
- Ingredient Name: Dichlorophene.
Chemical Formula: C₁₃H₁₀Cl₂O₂.
CAS No.: 97-23-4.
EINECS Number: 202-567-1.
Concentration, Wt %: 0.02 %.
Hazard Identification: See Heading 3.

(a) EINECS does not include synthetic polymers (These are registered in EINECS under their building blocks, monomers.).
See: 67/548/EEC, article 13; 79/831/EC; and 81/437/EC.

NOTE: Unless a component presents a severe hazard, it does not need to be considered in the MSDS if the concentration is less than 1%. [According to Directive 1999/45/EC.]

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

FOR HUMANS:

Product:

EU Classification:	Xn	Corrosive – Irritating.
R Phrases:	22	Harmful if swallowed.
	36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin.
S Phrases:	2	Keep out of the reach of children.

Components:

Ethylene Glycol:		
EU Classification:	Xn	Corrosive.
R Phrases:	22	Harmful if swallowed.
S Phrases:	2	Keep out of the reach of children.
Hexylene glycol:		
EU Classification:	Xi	Irritating.
R Phrases:	36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin.
S Phrases:	2	Keep out of the reach of children.

Limit Values for Exposure:

Ethylene Glycol:

ACGIH TLV-CL:	100 mg/m ³ .
MAC (NL) Limit ceiling value:	125 mg/m ³ .
Limit value for EG particulates:	10 mg/m ³ .
Limit value for vapor:	26 mg/m ³ .
MAK (DE) Limit value:	26 mg/m ³ .
Short term exposure limit value (8 times, 5 minutes):	52 mg/m ³ .
OES (UK) Limit value:	60 mg/m ³ .
Limit value for EG particulates:	10 mg/m ³ .
Limit value for vapor:	125 mg/m ³ .

Hexylene glycol:

ACGIH TLV:	100 mg/m ³ .
MAC (NL) Limit value:	125 mg/m ³ .
France: Short term exposure limit value (4 times, 15 minutes):	125 mg/m ³ .

Neither this preparation nor the substances contained in it have been listed as carcinogenic by National Toxicology Program, I.A.R.C., or OSHA.

AS PART OF GOOD INDUSTRIAL AND PERSONAL HYGIENE AND SAFETY PROCEDURE, avoid all unnecessary exposure to the chemical substance and ensure prompt removal from skin, eyes, and clothing.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS:

Acute Exposure:

Eye Contact:	Causes eye irritation due to the ethylene glycol content.
Skin Contact:	Mildly irritating to the skin and slightly toxic if absorbed through the skin.
Inhalation:	Vapors may cause irritation to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract and are toxic if inhaled.
Ingestion:	Moderately toxic if ingested. Causes nausea, vomiting and narcosis.

Chronic Overexposure: Damage to the liver, kidneys, and central nervous system, metabolic acidosis.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Diseases of the liver, kidney, and central nervous system could be affected with prolonged exposure.

FOR ENVIRONMENT:

As much as possible, keep from being washed into surface waters. See Heading 12.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty water for 15 minutes while holding lids open. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact:	Wash with water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention medical attention.
Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get medical attention.
Ingestion:	If patient is conscious, give large amounts of water and induce vomiting. Seek medical attention.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

This preparation is an extinguishing media.

There are NO extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons.

NO special protective equipment is needed for fire-fighters.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

For personal protection: Prevent skin and eye contact, see Heading 8.

Clean up: Stop leaks. Contain spill. Remove as much as possible. Place in closed container for proper disposal. Wash spill area with large amounts of water to remove traces as material is very slippery. Prevent material from reaching sewers or waterways to avoid nuisance foaming. See Heading 13.

As much as possible, keep from being washed into surface waters. See Heading 12.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Handling

Care should be taken in handling all chemical substances and preparations.

Do not mix agents.

See incompatibility information in Heading 10.

7.2. Storage

NO special conditions are needed for safe storage.

See incompatibility information in Heading 10.

Store in original container. Keep tightly closed until used.

As much as possible, keep from being washed into surface waters. See Heading 12.

7.3. Specific use

The intended or recommended use of this preparation is as a FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Exposure limit values

Limit Values for Exposure:

Ethylene Glycol:

ACGIH TLV-CL: 100 mg/m³.

MAC (NL) Limit ceiling value: 125 mg/m³.

Limit value for EG particulates: 10 mg/m³.

Limit value for vapor: 26 mg/m³.

MAK (DE) Limit value: 26 mg/m³.

Short term exposure limit value
(8 times, 5 minutes): 52 mg/m³.

OES (UK) Limit value: 60 mg/m³.

Limit value for EG particulates: 10 mg/m³.

Limit value for vapor: 125 mg/m³.

Hexylene glycol:

ACGIH TLV: 100 mg/m³.

MAC (NL) Limit value: 125 mg/m³.

France: Short term exposure limit value
(4 times, 15 minutes): 125 mg/m³.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Occupational exposure controls

8.2.1.1. Respiratory protection

Mechanical ventilation is preferred.

Not normally necessary. Approved organic vapor respirator in absence of environmental controls.

8.2.1.2. Hand protection

Use chemical resistant gloves when handling the preparation.

8.2.1.3. Eye protection

Chemical goggles recommended as mechanical barrier for prolonged exposure.

8.2.1.4. Skin protection

Standard fire fighting equipment should provide all protection which is necessary.

8.2.2. Environmental exposure controls

As much as possible, keep from being washed into surface waters. See Heading 12.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. General information

Appearance: Red/Brown opaque liquid.
Odor: Mildly pungent odor.

9.2. Important health, safety, and environmental information

pH: 6.5 to 8.0.
Boiling point/boiling range: 102 °C initial.
Flash point: None to boiling.
Flammability (solid/gas): Not flammable.
Explosive properties: Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties: Not an oxidizer.
Vapor Pressure: Not determined.
Relative Density (Water = 1): 1.12.
Solubility:
– Water solubility: Completely soluble.
– Fat solubility: Not soluble.
Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water: Not determined.
Viscosity: 10-25 Cs.
Vapor density (Air = 1): <1.
Evaporation rate
(Butyl acetate = 1): Approximately 0.005.

9.3. Other information

Auto-ignition temperature: Does not ignite.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Conditions to avoid

There are NO known conditions such as temperature, pressure, light, shock, etc., which may cause a dangerous reaction.

10.2. Materials to avoid

Reactive metals, electrically energized equipment, any material reactive with water, and strong oxidizers.

10.3. Hazardous decomposition products

Normally stable.

Hazardous polymerization will NOT occur.

Combustion or decomposition products may include oxides of nitrogen and ammonia.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product: The toxicity of the product mixture has not been determined.

Components:

Hexylene glycol:

Toxicity Data:	Oral (rat) LD ₅₀	3,692 mg/kg.
	Dermal (rabbit) LD ₅₀	13,200 mg/kg.
Irritation Data:	Skin (rabbit)	Moderately irritating.
	Eye (rabbit)	Highly irritating.
Target organs:	Kidney and liver.	

Ames test was negative.

No toxicity to reproduction was observed at 150 mg/kg/day in a 4 month study.

No sensitization was observed in tests with skin contact on humans.

Ethylene glycol:

Toxicity Data:	Oral (rat) LD ₅₀	4700 mg/kg.
	Dermal (rabbit) LD ₅₀	9530 ul/kg.
Irritation Data:	Skin (rabbit)	555 mg Open Mild.
	Eye (rabbit)	100 mg/1 hr Mild.
Target organs:	Sense organs, kidney, liver, blood.	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Components:

Hexylene glycol:

Fish,	Lepomis macrochinus:	LC50 (96 hrs)	12,800 mg/L.
	Carassius auratus:	LC50 (96 hrs)	12,000 mg/L.
Daphnids,	Daphnia magna:	EC50 (48 hrs)	3,300 mg/L.

Ethylene Glycol:

Fish,	Lepomis macrochinus:	LC50 (96 hrs)	27,540 mg/L.
	Poecilia reticulata:	LC50 (7 day)	49,300 mg/L.
Daphnids,	Daphnia magna:	EC50 (48 hrs)	57.6 g/L.
Algae,	Selenasstrum capricornutum:	EC50 (96 hrs)	6,500-13,000 mg/L.

12.2. Mobility

Ethylene Glycol:

According to the calculations of a model, the estimated distribution of ethylene glycol is 97.9% in water, 2.1% in air, 0.0034% in soil, 0.0032% in sediment, and <5.2E-7% in suspended sediment or biota.

12.3. Persistence and degradability

Hexylene glycol:

Aerobic degradation is optimal at 200 ppm, and inhibitory at 1000 ppm.

COD = 2200 mg/g substance.

BOD5 = 0.02 g O₂/g.

Ethylene Glycol:

Indirect photodegradation is about 50 % in 2.1 days.

Aerobic degradation with adapted activated sludge is 56 % after 28 hours.

COD = 1.19 mg/g substance.

BOD5 = 0.78 mg O₂/L.

Theoretical oxygen demand = 2.17 mg/mg.

12.4. Bioaccumulative potential

Not determined.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone depletion potential: None.

Photochemical ozone creation potential: None

Global warming potential: None

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

As much as possible, keep from being washed into surface waters. See Heading 12.

Dispose of in compliance with national, regional, and local provisions that may be in force.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Hazard Class or Division: Not hazardous.

For additional transport information, contact Ansul Incorporated.

As much as possible, keep from being washed into surface waters. See Heading 12.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Classification:	Xn	Corrosive – Irritating.
R Phrases:	22 36/38	Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to eyes and skin.
S Phrases:	2	Keep out of the reach of children.

Limit Values for Exposure:

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Hexylene glycol:

ACGIH TLV:	100 mg/m ³ .
MAC (NL) Limit value:	125 mg/m ³ .
France: Short term exposure limit value (4 times, 15 minutes):	125 mg/m ³ .

EINECS Status: All components are included in EINECS inventories or are exempt from listing.

EPA TSCA Status: All components are included in TSCA inventories or are exempt from listing.

Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List): All components are included in the DSL or are exempt from listing.

Environmental restrictions: None are known.

Restrictions on Marketing and Use: None are known.

Refer to any other national measures that may be relevant.

16. OTHER INFORMATION**(HMIS) HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM RATINGS:**

HEALTH:	<u>1</u>	4. Severe Hazard
FLAMMABILITY:	<u>0</u>	3. Serious Hazard
REACTIVITY:	<u>0</u>	2. Moderate Hazard
		1. Slight Hazard
		0. Minimal Hazard

(WHMIS) CANADIAN WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM RATINGS:

This product is rated **D2A (Ethylene Glycol), D2B – Product may irritate eyes, skin or mucous membrane.**

Format is from directive 2001/58/EC.

EINECS data is from <http://exb.jrc.it/existing-chemicals/>

Data used to compile the data sheet is from Ansul Material Safety Data Sheet, June, 2001.

The EU Classification has been changed in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC and information in the EINECS ESIS files (Existing Substances Information System).

Toxicological information added from the EINECS ESIS (Existing Substances Information System).

17. DISCLAIMER

THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS BELIEVED TO BE CORRECT, BUT DOES NOT PURPORT TO BE ALL INCLUSIVE AND SHALL BE USED ONLY AS A GUIDE. ANSUL SHALL NOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGE RESULTING FROM HANDLING OR FROM CONTACT WITH THE ABOVE PRODUCT.

MSDS available at <http://www.ansul.com>